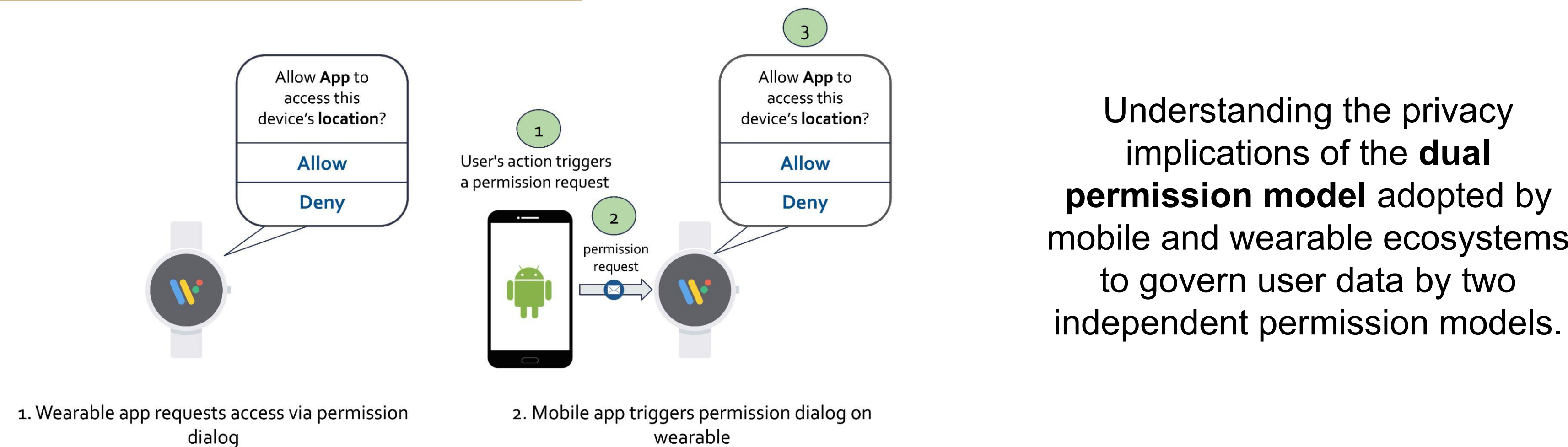
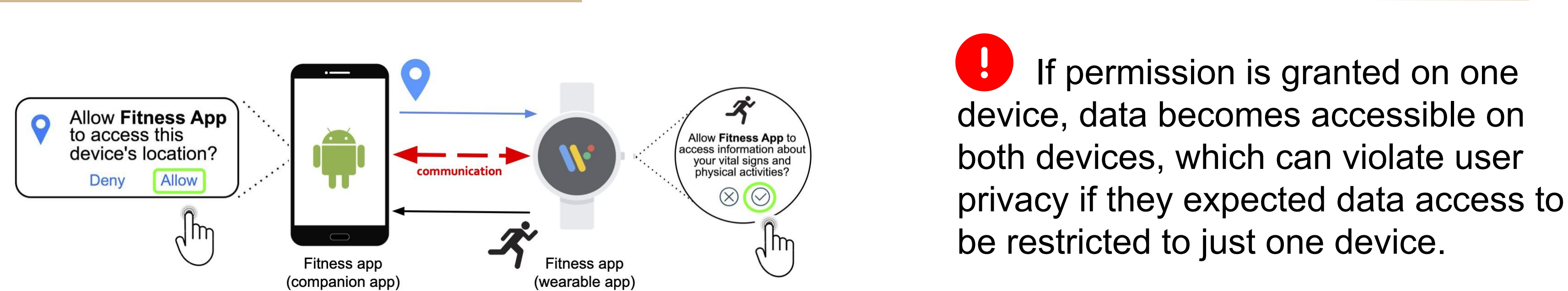


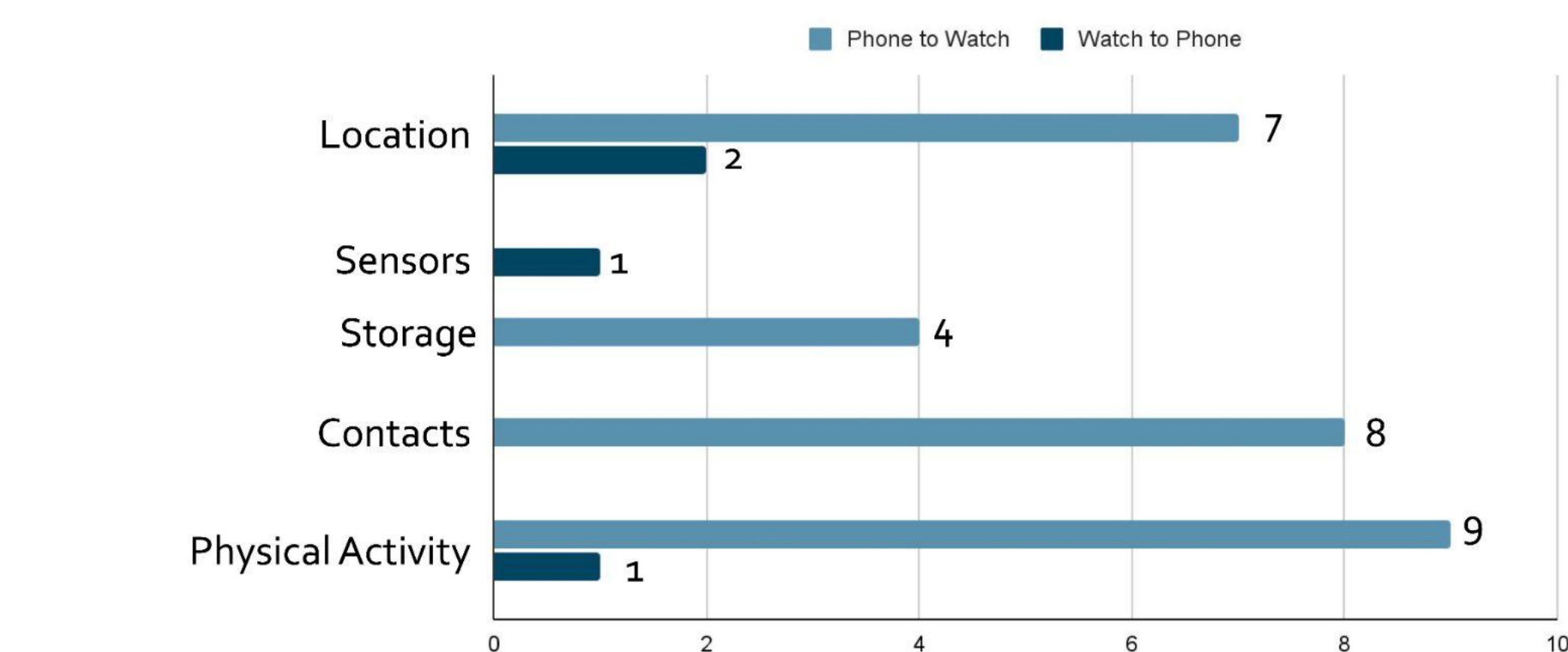
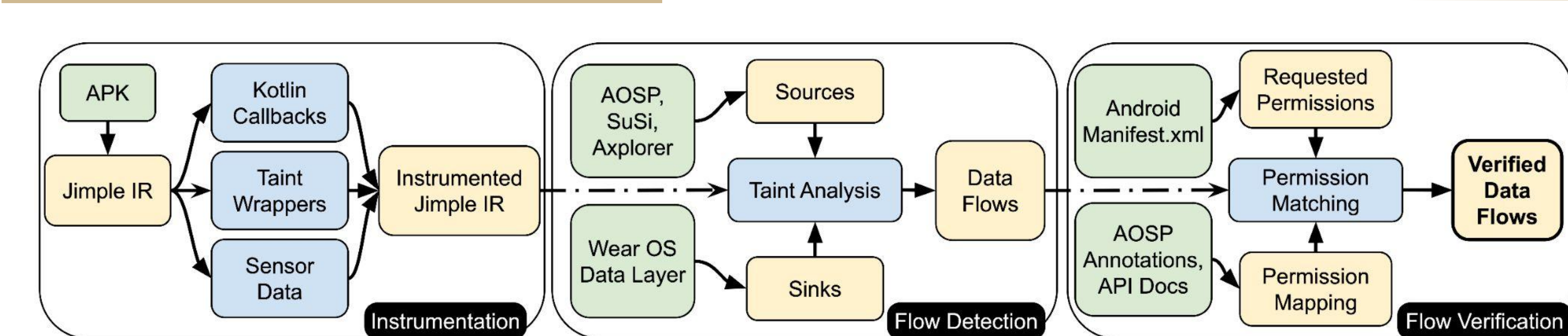
Introduction



Motivation



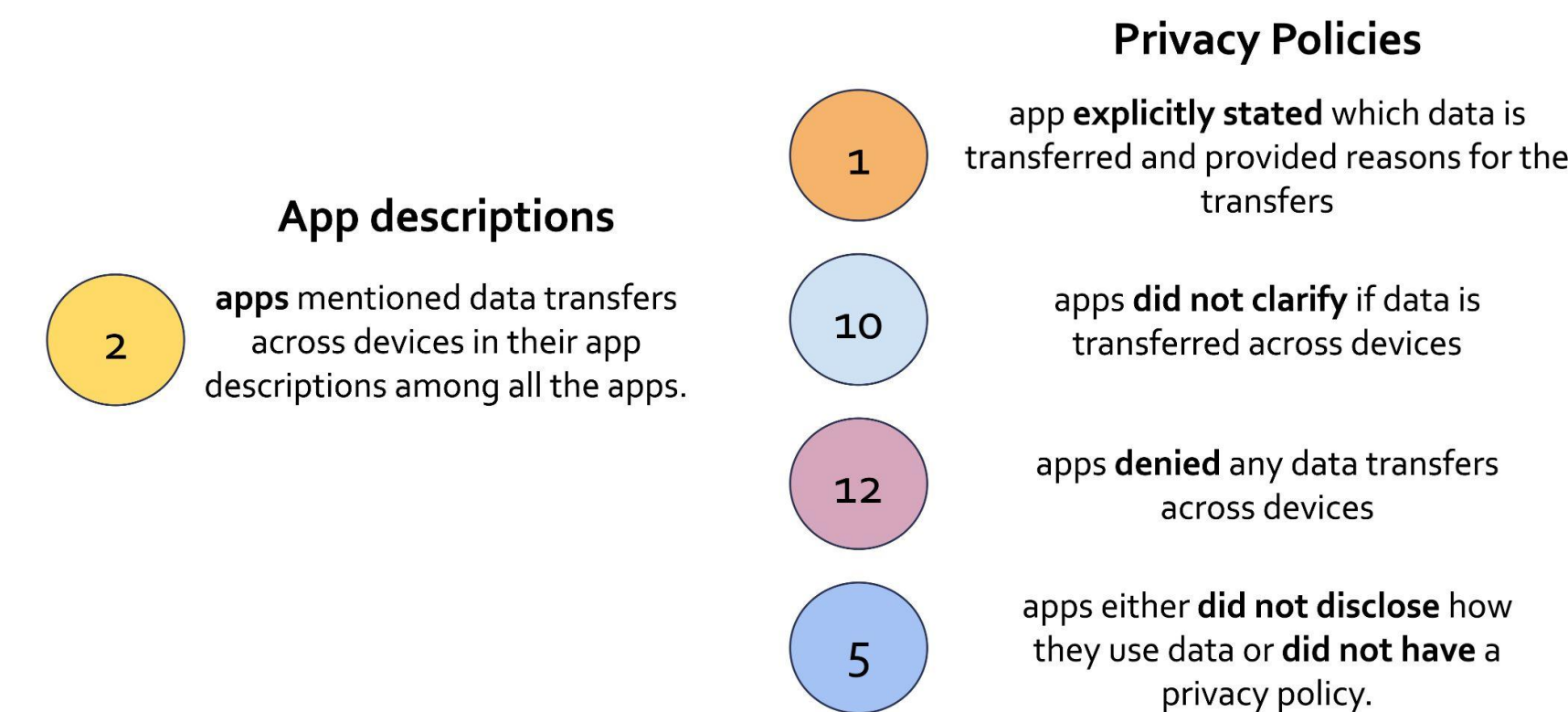
FlowFinder



Out of 150 apps, 28 have cross-device data flows!

How Apps Inform Users

Do platform/apps properly inform users about cross-device data flows?



User Study

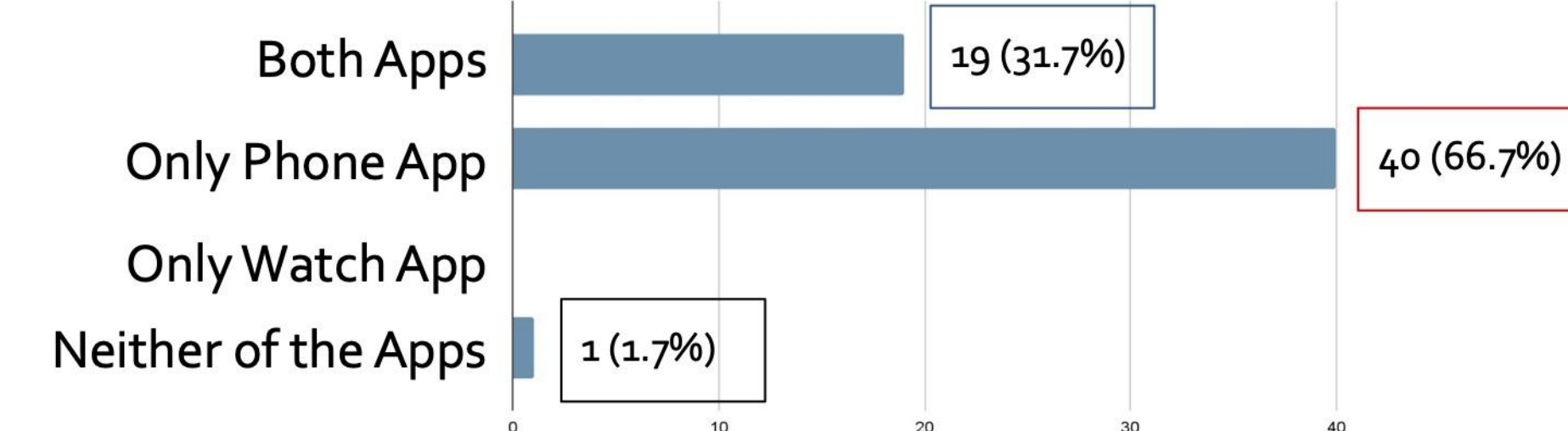
Semi-structured interviews

63 Android and/or WearOS users

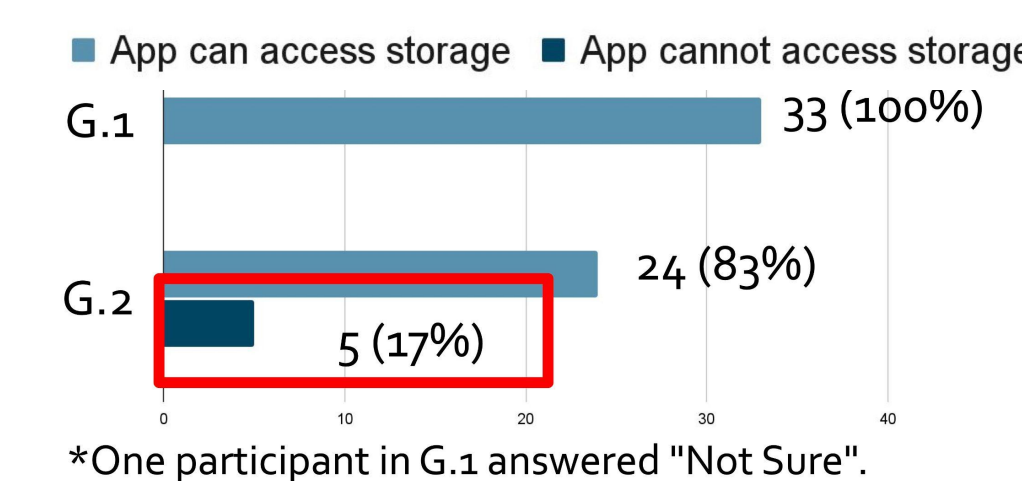


- RQ1** How do users perceive permissions to work in the existence of cross-device data flows?
- RQ2** Can an adversary misguide users into unknowingly granting access to sensitive data?

- Which app(s) can access phone's location when you grant the permission on phone, but deny it on watch?



- Do you think the phone app can access files, photos and videos?



% of participants who mistakenly believe that the app cannot access storage after seeing the redirection prompt increases from 0% in G.1 to 17% in G.2.

Takeaway:

- Most participants are unaware of cross-device data flows!
- Cross-device permission phishing can be effective!

Conclusion

- Via taint analysis, we showed cross-device sensitive data flows between the wearable app and its companion app.
- We assessed users' mental models on permissions on wearables via in-lab user study.
- We conducted preliminary analysis on other wearables.
- We proposed potential countermeasures.

References

[1] Doguhan Yeke, Muhammad Ibrahim, Güliz Seray Tuncay, Habiba Farrukh, Abdullah Imran, Antonio Bianchi, and Z. Berkay Celik. "Wear's my Data? Understanding the Cross-Device Runtime Permission Model in Wearables." In 2024 IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy (SP)